

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS FOR PROJECT-AFFECTED COMMUNITIES

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DEFINING STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT



What does good stakeholder engagement mean to you?

"Stakeholder engagement is the basis for building strong, constructive, and responsive relationships that are essential for the successful management of a project's environmental and social impacts"



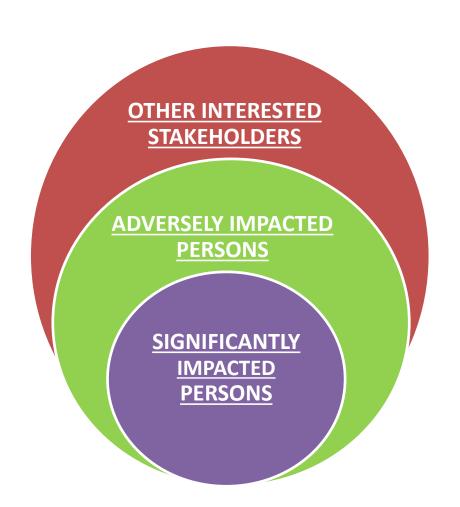
LEVEL OF RISK DRIVES LEVEL OF EFFORT

Public Consultation

Disclosure

Negotiation

Informed Participation



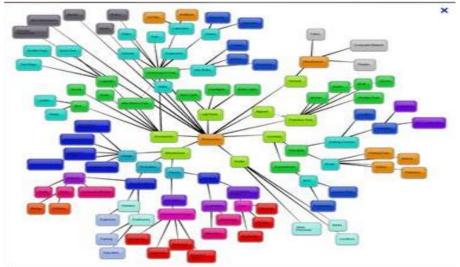
Active Engagement

Information Sharing

WHERE AND HOW TO BEGIN



STAKEHOLDER MAPPING





- Identify/locate all potential stakeholders
- Understand their "stake"
- How project can affect them / how they can affect the project
- O Who influences whom?
- Prioritize engagement efforts

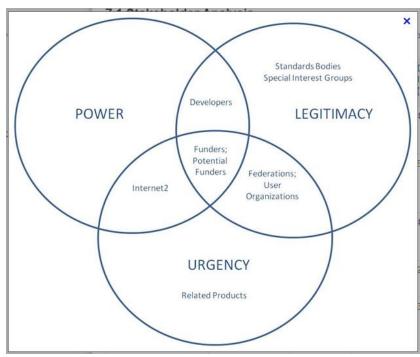


Some Commonly Used Tools for Stakeholder Mapping

Impact Zone Mapping



Venn Diagram



Some Commonly Used Tools for Stakeholder Mapping

How to keep happy people happy and turn unhappy ones into project supporters?

- Influence (high, medium, low)
- Impact (high, medium, low)
- Support

 (positive,
 neutral,
 negative)





STAKEHOLDER TYPES

- Primary Stakeholders directly affected
- Secondary Stakeholdersindirectly affected
- InfluencingStakeholders
- Sub-groups within each of the above categories

Sample Stakeholder Mapping Table

STAKEHOLDER GROUPS	Degree of Influence on Project Outcomes (H/M/L)	Degree Impacted by Project (H/M/L)	Position vs. Project -Supportive -Neutral -Opposed	How will We Engage this Group? - Issues -Methods
Government Agencies				
Affected Communities Sub-groups: Fishing Villages; Indigenous groups; Women; Elders; Youth; Religious Minorities, etc.				
Neighboring Communities				
Trucking Contractors				
Business owners				
Illegal Settlers				
NGOs				
Tribal Chiefs				
Politicians or Religious Leaders				

This information should be used to prioritize the stakeholders and level of effort, as well as tailor consultation and information dissemination to the needs and interests of different groups.



What is "Meaningful" Consultation?

- Informed
- Interactive (Two-way engagement)
- Inclusive
- Iterative
- Influences the decisionmaking process
- Incorporates access to a Grievance Mechanism



INFORMED

- Sufficient time –
 information in advance
- Substantive full description of project
- Understandable in non-technical terms, Local language, Format they can understand
- Accessible convenient access to information





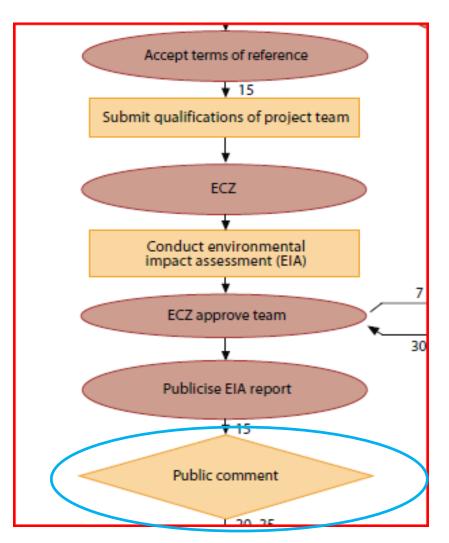
INCLUSIVE

- Recognize and accommodate unequal power relationships
- Views of both men & women
- Consider sub-groups (minorities, youth, elders)
- Vulnerable groups who may be unwilling or unable to express themselves in a large public meeting
- "Verify" community representation

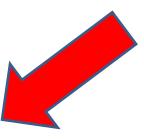




Iterative (ongoing) Engagement

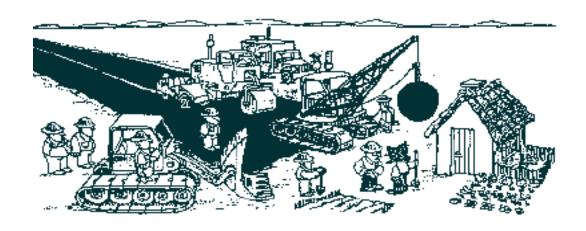


A "one-off" public meeting (often the only regulatory requirement for environmental licensing) is usually insufficient for achieving meaningful engagement.



Influences Decision-Making

- Project design & implementation
- Impact mitigation
- Project benefits





Demonstrated incorporation of stakeholder views in the decision-making process



GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS — PROCESS STEPS

Publicize the mechanism Receive and register Review and investigate Develop resolution options, respond to grievances, and close out

Monitor and evaluate

- Multiple access points
- Awareness-raising about the GM
- Systematic tracking (logs & databases)
- Seeking feedback (users and non-users)
- Engaging communities in design of GM



DIFFERENT CATEGORIES OF GRIEVANCES REQUIRE DIFFERENT RESPONSES

Different Mechanisms

- Internal Mechanisms
- Tri-partite Model
- Independent Mediator

In Low Trust Contexts

- Third Party Verification
 Model
- (NGO as "witness")
- Joint fact finding
- Participatory Monitoring



"A mediator hasn't worked, so I brought in everyone's moms."



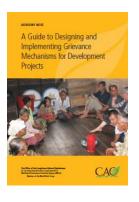
GUIDANCE ON STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS



IFC: Stakeholder
Engagement: A
Good Practice
Handbook for
Companies Doing
Business in
Emerging Markets



IFC: Good Practice Note: Addressing Grievances from Project Affected Communities



CAO: A Guide to
Designing and
Implementing
Grievance
Mechanisms for
Development
Projects



THANK YOU!

