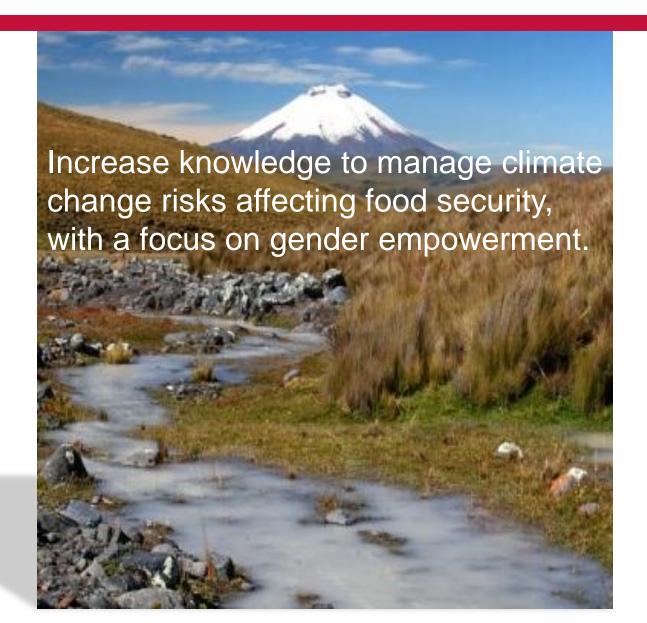
Enhancing resilience of communities to the adverse effects of climate change on food security, in Pichincha Province and the Jubones River Basin

Experiences defining the information needs of decision makers in adaptation planning or project development.





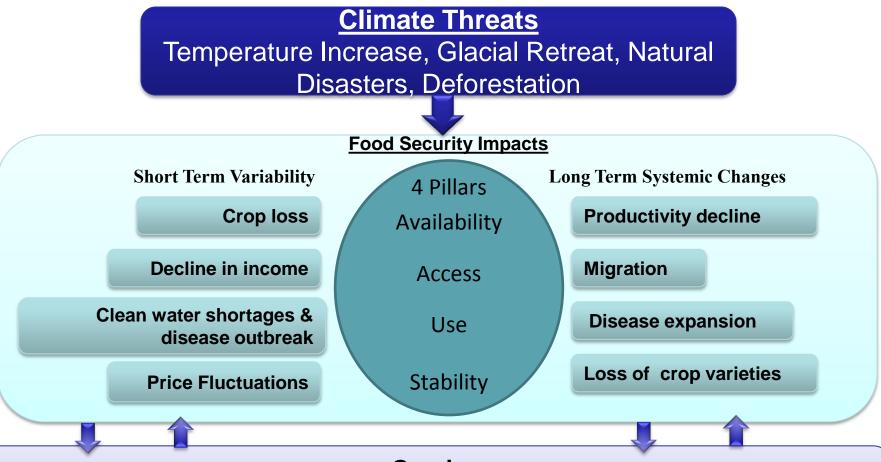
Adapting to climate change in Ecuador



Adapting to climate change in Ecuador



Conceptual Link Between Climate Change, Food Security and Gender



Gender

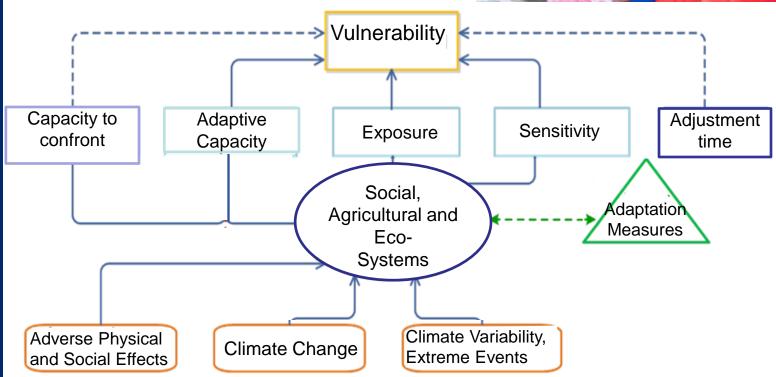
Women, key food security roles:

production/preparation, natural resource management & knowledge

Women are more vulnerable to climate change: less control over livelihoods, and decisions

Vulnerability Study and Base Line





Sectorial Analysis

THEMATIC AREA	INDICATOR
FOOD SECURITY	Food Consumption score
	Dietary Diversity Score
DEMOGRAPHIC	Number and type of strategies used in the last year to cover shortfalls in food access and availability.
	% of emigration and its causes, disaggregated by sex, ethnic group and age during
ORGANIZATIONAL	Number and type of local actors working on climate change, food and nutrition security and gender mainstreaming activities.
	Level of woman leadership and responsibility on local organizations as well as level of technical training.
AGRICULTURE/ LIVESTOCK/ FISHERIES/ AGROINDUSTRY	Types of farming systems and related climate threats
	Number and type of technologies applied in agriculture, assessed and managed
	Livelihood dependency on agricultural sectors.
HYDROLOGICAL	Public, private and community water systems
ECOSYSTEM/ FORESTRY	Protected areas, protected forest, wetlands, conservation areas and fragile ecosystems
ARTISAN PRODUCTION	Number of organizations or families working in artisan production



















Thank you