ADAPTATION FUND

Ciclo y criterios del financiamiento de proyectos del Fondo de Adaptación

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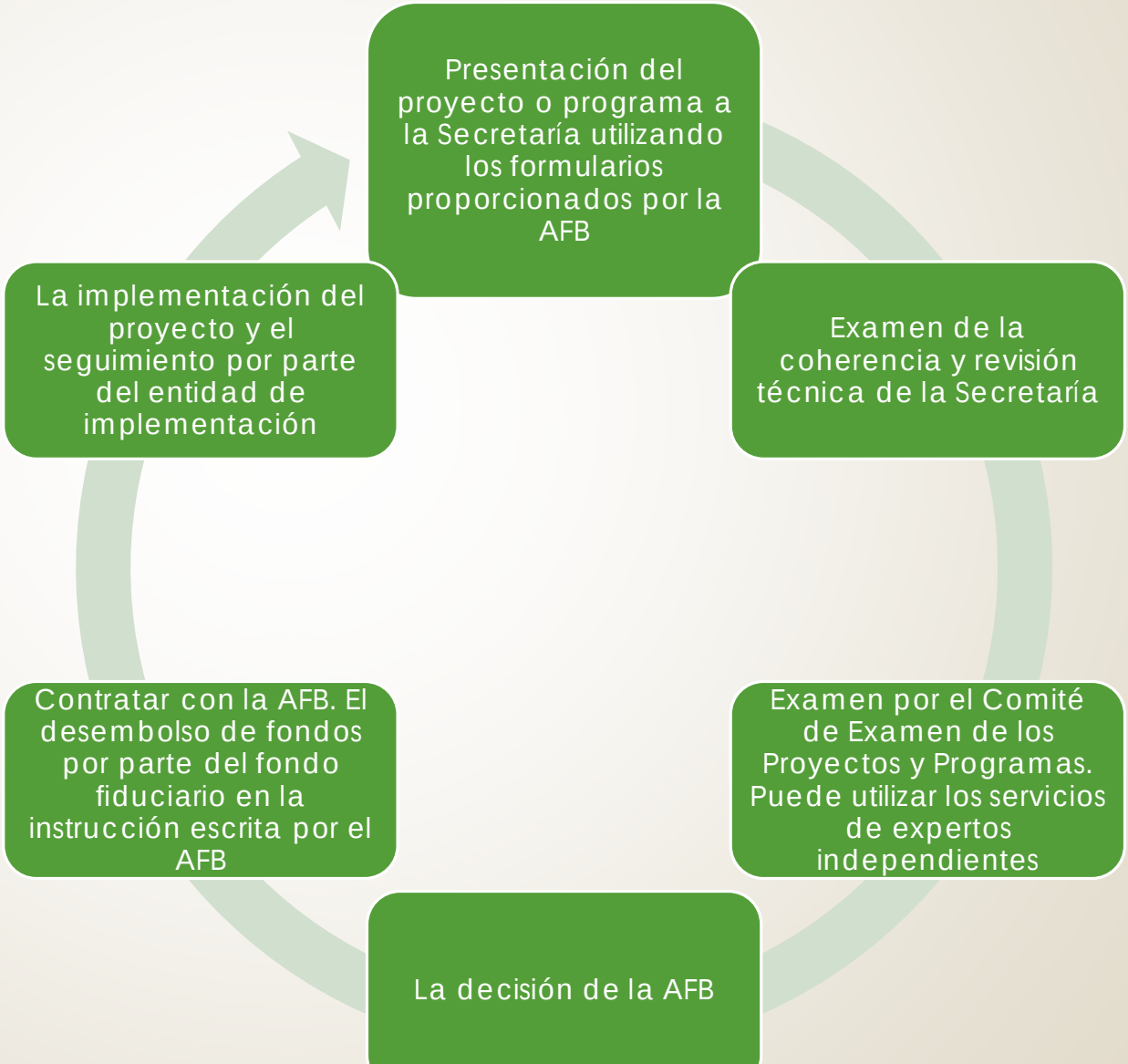
Taller regional de Preparación para la Financiación del clima en GRULAC,

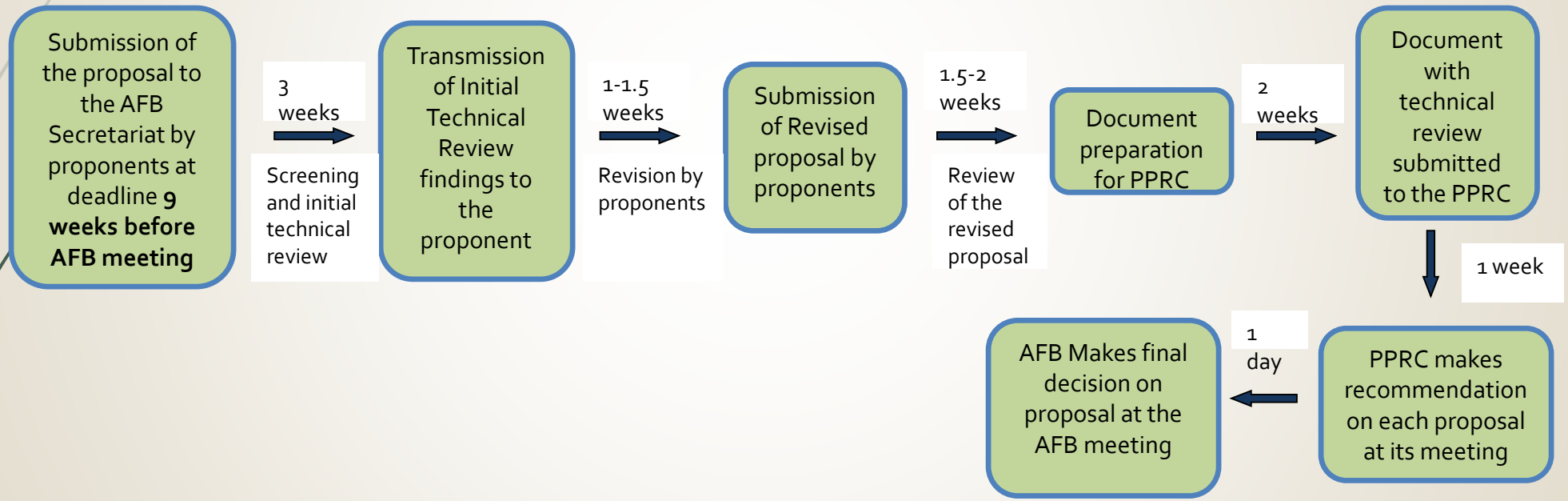
Tegucigalpa, Honduras, 7-9 Junio, 2016

¿Qué es un ciclo del proyecto para el FA?

- **Para todos los proyectos**: informes anuales y el informe de evaluación final



Línea de tiempo del proceso de revisión



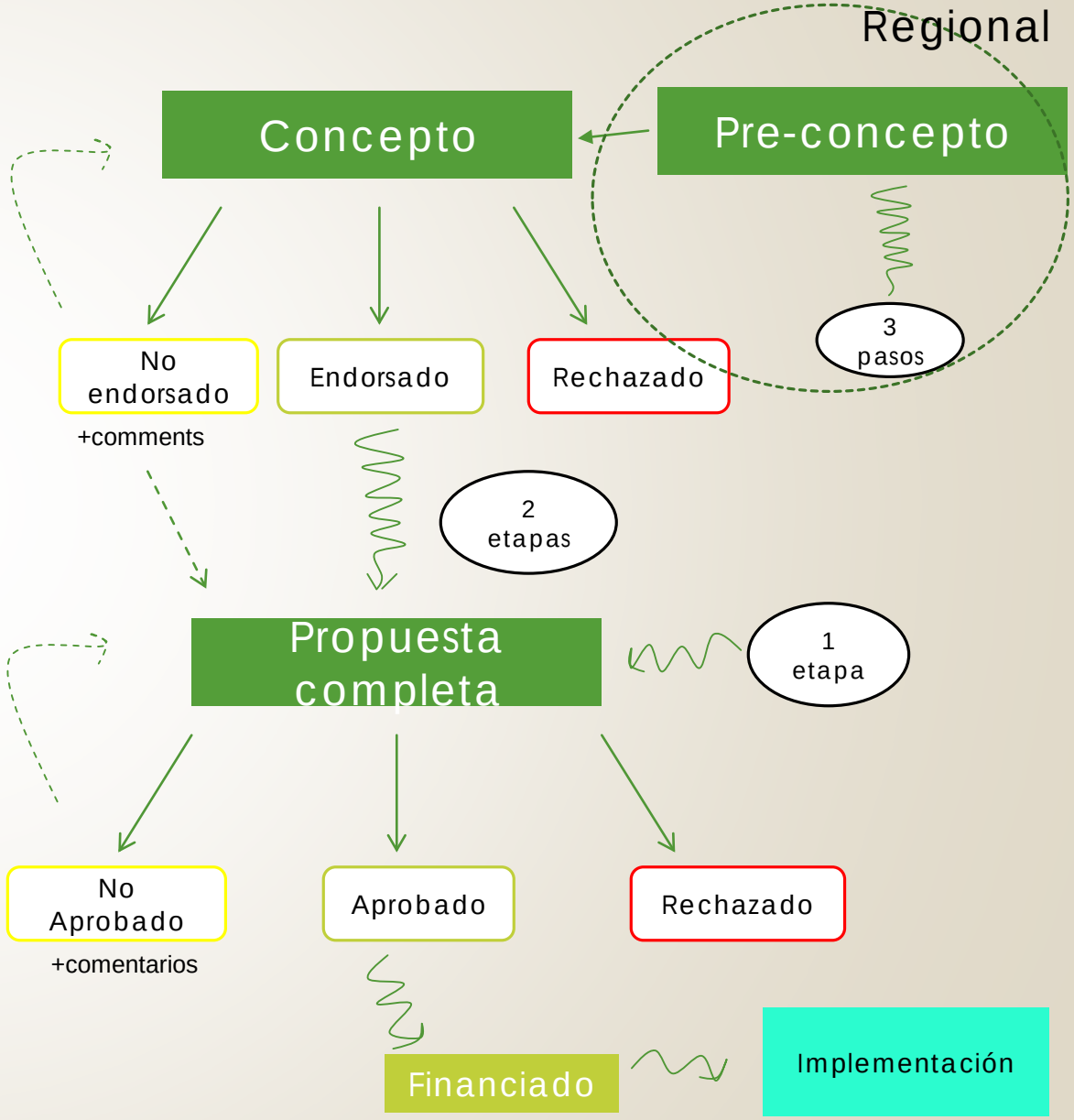
Revisión Intersesional del proyecto

- **Menos reuniones de la AFB anualmente significa menos oportunidad de presentar propuestas:**
  - **2010-11: 4 reuniones/ año**
  - **2012-13: 3 reuniones/ año**
  - **2014- : 2 reuniones/ año**

- **Examen entre sesiones permite a ciertos propuestas que se presentarán tres veces al año:**
  - **Reenvíos de conceptos + solicitudes de subvención para la formulación**
  - **Reenvíos de propuestas completas**
  - **Envíos de propuestas completas cuyas conceptos fueron aprobadas previamente**
  - **Retraso evitado por los desarrolladores gracias a la revisión entre sesiones: 3 meses**

Proceso de aprobación de propuestas

- Para todos los proyectos / programas (de más de $ 1 M o de pequeña escala por debajo de 1 M USD), elegir un **proceso de un paso** (propuesta completa) o un **proceso de dos pasos** (aprobación del concepto seguido de la propuesta completa)



Consulta y seguimiento participativo durante todo el ciclo del proyecto

Consulta con las comunidades vulnerables y todas las partes involucradas

EVALUACIÓN

IE diseña propuesta en consecuencia

Presentación del proyecto

Comentarios / contribución de la sociedad civil

EXAMEN TÉCNICO

Secretaría y PPRC revisan la propuesta

Aprobación de la Junta

Mecanismo de quejas

IE identifica mecanismo para facilitar la resolución de las quejas de personas afectadas

IMPLEMENTACIÓN

Secretaría está supervisando la implementación del proyecto a través de los PPR anual

El proceso de informe

- **Los informes de rendimiento del proyecto:** Anualmente
- **Informe final del proyecto**, incluidos los detalles de implementación de proyectos específicos, dentro de los seis (6) meses después de la finalización del proyecto
- **Revisión o evaluación informe a medio plazo**, para proyectos de cuatro años de duración o más
- **Informe final de evaluación** preparado por un tasador independiente. Deberá presentarse dentro de los 9 meses después de la finalización del proyecto. Las copias de estos informes son transmitidos por la IE a la autoridad designada para obtener información; y
- **Estado financiero final auditado**, elaborado por un auditor o un organismo independiente de evaluación, dentro de los 6 meses siguientes al final del año fiscal de la IE durante el cual se completa el proyecto

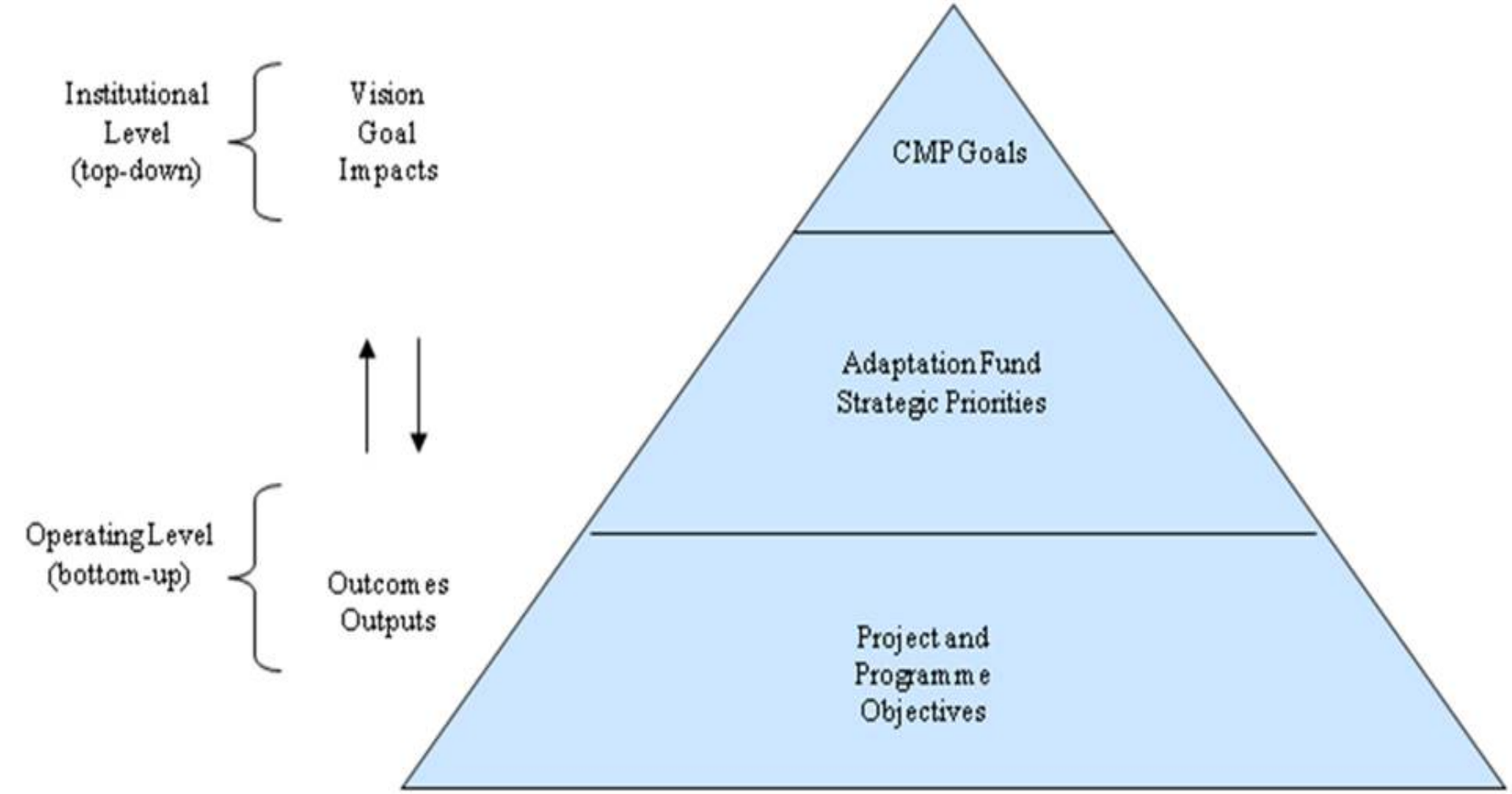
Modelo de GBR del Fondo

- El enfoque de la GBR opera en tres niveles principales:
  - La orientación de CMP
  - Portafolio(al nivel del Fondo)
  - Proyectos / programas
- El monitoreo al nivel del proyecto es la responsabilidad de la entidad de implementación (NIE, MIE, RIE).
- El monitoreo al nivel del Fondo es la responsabilidad del secretaría bajo la dirección de la Junta.

Herramientas de la GBR del Fondo

- Herramienta 1: Marco de resultados estratégicos
- Herramienta 2: Cinco indicadores básicos
- Herramienta 3: Informe sobre el rendimiento del proyecto (PPR)

Herramientas 1 – Estructura del Marco de Resultados del FA



Objetivo y impacto esperado del FA

- **Objetivo:** Ayudar a los países Partes en el Protocolo de Kyoto que son particularmente vulnerables a los efectos adversos del cambio climático a hacer frente a los costos de los proyectos y programas concretos de adaptación, con el fin de poner en práctica medidas resistentes al clima.

- **Impacto:** Aumento de la resiliencia a nivel comunitario, nacional y regional a la variabilidad del clima y el cambio.

- El Marco al nivel del Fondo incluye siete principales **resultados** y **productos** correspondientes para facilitar la agregación y presentar los resultados a nivel de fondo que contribuyen al objetivo general y los objetivos del Fondo - disponible en línea.

Marco de Resultados del FA

Expected results	Indicators
Goal: Assist developing-country Parties to the Kyoto Protocol that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change in meeting the costs of concrete adaptation projects and programmes in order to implement climate-resilient measures.	
Impact: Increased resiliency at the community, national, and regional levels to climate variability and change.	
Outcome 1: Reduced exposure to climate-related hazards and threats	1. Relevant threat and hazard information generated and disseminated to stakeholders on a timely basis
Output 1.1: Risk and vulnerability assessments conducted and updated	1.1. No. of projects/programmes that conduct and update risk and vulnerability assessments (by sector and scale)
	1.2 No. early warning systems (by scale) and no. beneficiaries covered
Output 1.2: Targeted population groups covered by adequate risk reduction systems	1.2.1. Percentage of target population covered by adequate risk-reduction systems
Outcome 2: Strengthened institutional capacity to reduce risks associated with climate-induced socioeconomic and environmental losses	2.1. Capacity of staff to respond to, and mitigate impacts of, climate-related events from targeted institutions increased
Output 2: Strengthened capacity of national and sub-national centres and networks to respond rapidly to extreme weather events	2.1.1. No. of staff trained to respond to, and mitigate impacts of, climate-related events (by gender)
	2.1.2 No. of targeted institutions with increased capacity to minimize exposure to climate variability risks (by type, sector and scale)
Outcome 3: Strengthened awareness and ownership of adaptation and climate risk reduction processes at local level	3.1. Percentage of targeted population aware of predicted adverse impacts of climate change, and of appropriate responses
	3.2. Percentage of targeted population applying appropriate adaptation responses
Output 3: Targeted population groups participating in adaptation and risk reduction awareness activities	3.1 No. of news outlets in the local press and media that have covered the topic
Outcome 4: Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development sector services and infrastructure assets	4.1. Responsiveness of development sector services to evolving needs from changing and variable climate
	4.2. Physical infrastructure improved to withstand climate change and variability-induced stress
Output 4: Vulnerable development sector services and infrastructure assets strengthened in response to climate change impacts, including variability	4.1.1. No. and type of development sector services modified to respond to new conditions resulting from climate variability and change (by sector and scale)
	4.1.2. No. of physical assets strengthened or constructed to withstand conditions resulting from climate variability and change (by sector and scale)
Outcome 5: Increased ecosystem resilience in response to climate change and variability-induced stress	5. Ecosystem services and natural resource assets maintained or improved under climate change and variability-induced stress
Output 5: Vulnerable ecosystem services and natural resource assets strengthened in response to climate change impacts, including variability	5.1. No. of natural resource assets created, maintained or improved to withstand conditions resulting from climate variability and change (by type and scale)
Outcome 6: Diversified and strengthened livelihoods and sources of income for vulnerable people in targeted areas	6.1 Percentage of households and communities having more secure access to livelihood assets
	6.2. Percentage of targeted population with sustained climate-resilient alternative livelihoods
Output 6: Targeted individual and community livelihood strategies strengthened in relation to climate change impacts, including variability	6.1.1.No. and type of adaptation assets (tangible and intangible) created or strengthened in support of individual or community livelihood strategies
	6.2.1. Type of income sources for households generated under climate change scenario
Outcome 7: Improved policies and regulations that promote and enforce resilience measures	7. Climate change priorities are integrated into national development strategy
Output 7: Improved integration of climate-resilience strategies into country development plans	7.1. No. of policies introduced or adjusted to address climate change risks (by sector)
	7.2. No. of targeted development strategies with incorporated climate change priorities enforced

Marco de resultados del FA - Implicaciones para IE

- Todos los proyectos incluirán un **plan concreto y totalmente presupuestado de M & E** para ser incluidos en el documento final del proyecto, presentado para su aprobación. Es importante que todos los planes incluyen una descripción de los **sistemas de organización y un presupuesto específico** para la supervisión, informes, gestión de datos, las lecciones aprendidas, y la evaluación.
- **Los proyectos deben seleccionar un conjunto de indicadores que se alinean** con los indicadores y los objetivos del Fondo. Los resultados del proyecto marco debe incluir sólo aquellos indicadores básicos a nivel del Fondo que reflejen adecuadamente los objetivos del proyecto.
- Además, también se pueden seleccionar **indicadores específicos del proyecto** para reflejar los objetivos específicos de cada país y los requisitos de presentación de informes. La Junta podría no agregar estos indicadores, sino más bien seguir el progreso en el logro de los objetivos del proyecto.
- **Cada proyecto se desarrolla su propio** conjunto de indicadores de productos y resultados que vinculan directamente al Fondo. Objetivos de nivel del proyecto también deben ser incluidos en el marco lógico del proyecto.

Tabla de alineamiento

Project Objective(s)	Project Objective Indicator(s)	Fund Outcome	Fund Outcome Indicator	Grant Amount (USD)
Project Outcome(s)	**Project Outcome Indicator(s)**	**Fund Output**	**Fund Output Indicator**	**Grant Amount (USD)**

Tabla de alineamiento - un ejemplo

Project Objective(s)	Project Objective Indicator(s)	Fund Outcome	Fund Outcome Indicator	Grant Amount (USD)
Increased resiliency of local water systems to climate change	The extent to which targeted waterways and irrigation channels are cleared	**AF Outcome 4:** Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development and natural resources sectors	4.2. Physical infrastructure improved to withstand climate change and variability-induced stress	USD … million
Increase climate resilience in production landscapes and socioeconomic systems in vulnerable communities through a small grants mechanism	Number of vulnerable community members in project target areas with reduced risk to extreme weather events	**AF Outcome 2:** Strengthened institutional capacity to reduce risks associated with climate-induced socioeconomic and environmental losses	2.2. Number of people with reduced risk to extreme weather events	USD … million
Project Outcome(s)	**Project Outcome Indicator(s)**	**Fund Output**	**Fund Output Indicator**	**Grant Amount (USD)**
Water infiltration, storage and flow in the targeted water basin are improved by the rehabilitation of water canals and opening up silted channels and obstructed ponds	The number of kilometers of water channel cleared and improved ponds	***AF Output 4:*** Vulnerable physical, natural, and social assets strengthened in response to climate change impacts, including variability	4.1.2. No. of physical assets strengthened or constructed to withstand conditions resulting from climate variability and change (by asset types)	USD … million
Small Grant Recipients and associated institutions are empowered to identify response measures to climate inducted vulnerabilities, and implement relevant climate change adaptation projects.	Number of grant recipients with increased capacity to implement climate change adaptation projects	**AF Output 2.1**: Strengthened capacity of national and regional centers and networks to respond rapidly to extreme weather events	2.1.1. No. of staff trained to respond to, and mitigate impacts of, climate-related events.	USD … million

Herramienta 2 - 5 indicadores básicos

Resultados a nivel del impacto	Indicadores básicos
El aumento de la capacidad de adaptación de las comunidades para responder a los impactos del cambio climático	Número de beneficiarios (directos e indirectos)
	Número de sistemas de alerta temprana
	Los activos producidos, desarrollados, perfeccionados o fortalecido
	El aumento de los ingresos, o la disminución de los ingresos evitada
Aumento de la resiliencia de los ecosistemas en respuesta a las tensiones inducidas por el cambio climático	Los hábitats naturales protegidos o rehabilitadas

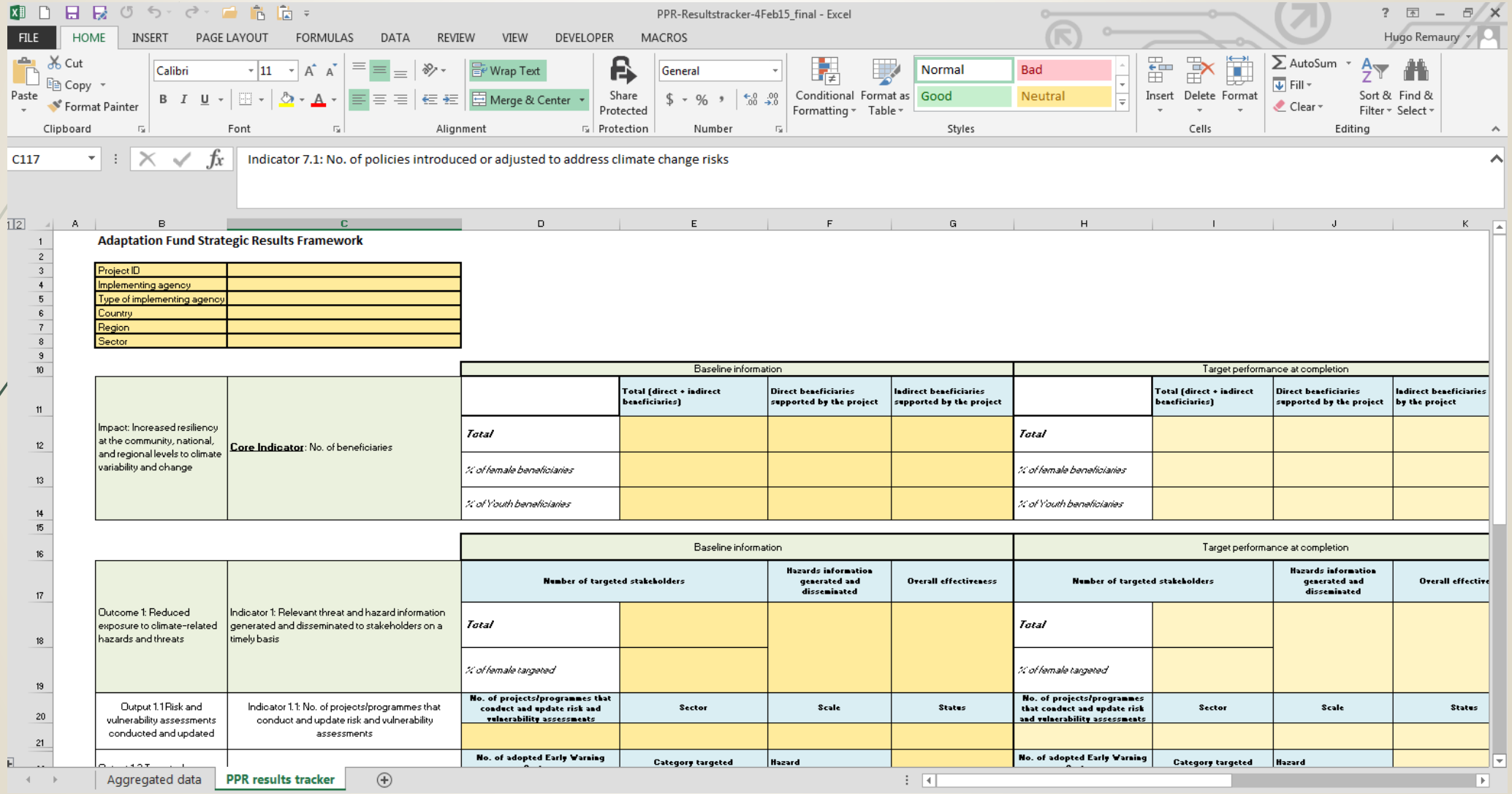
Tool 3 – Project Performance Report (PPR)

- IEs are required to submit a **Project Performance Report (PPR)** on an annual basis, one year after the start of project implementation (date of inception workshop)
- The last PPR should be submitted six months after project completion. This will be considered as the project completion report.
- PPRs shall be submitted no later than two months after the end of the reporting year.
- **Submission of the PPR is linked to the disbursement schedule**. Once the PPR is submitted, the secretariat reviews the report and provides a recommendation to the Board as to whether additional funds should be transferred.

Contenido del PPR

- 8 secciones:
  - **Datos básicos**: título del proyecto, resumen, información de contacto
  - **Datos financieros**: el desembolso acumulado, los datos de gastos, los gastos previstos
  - **Datos de contratación**: lista de contratos, las ofertas
  - **Los riesgos del proyecto**: los riesgos identificados, los riesgos críticos, las medidas de manejo del riesgo
  - **Evaluacion de la implementación del Proyecto**: a nivel de la producción, tanto de IE y EE
  - **Los indicadores del proyecto**: de acuerdo con el documento del proyecto, según lo acordado por AFB
  - **Las preguntas cualitativas y lecciones aprendidas**
  - **Rastreador de resultados**
- Un ejemplo de PPR

Rastreador de resultados



Adaptation Fund Strategic Results Framework

Project ID	
Implementing agency	
Type of implementing agency	
Country	
Region	
Sector	

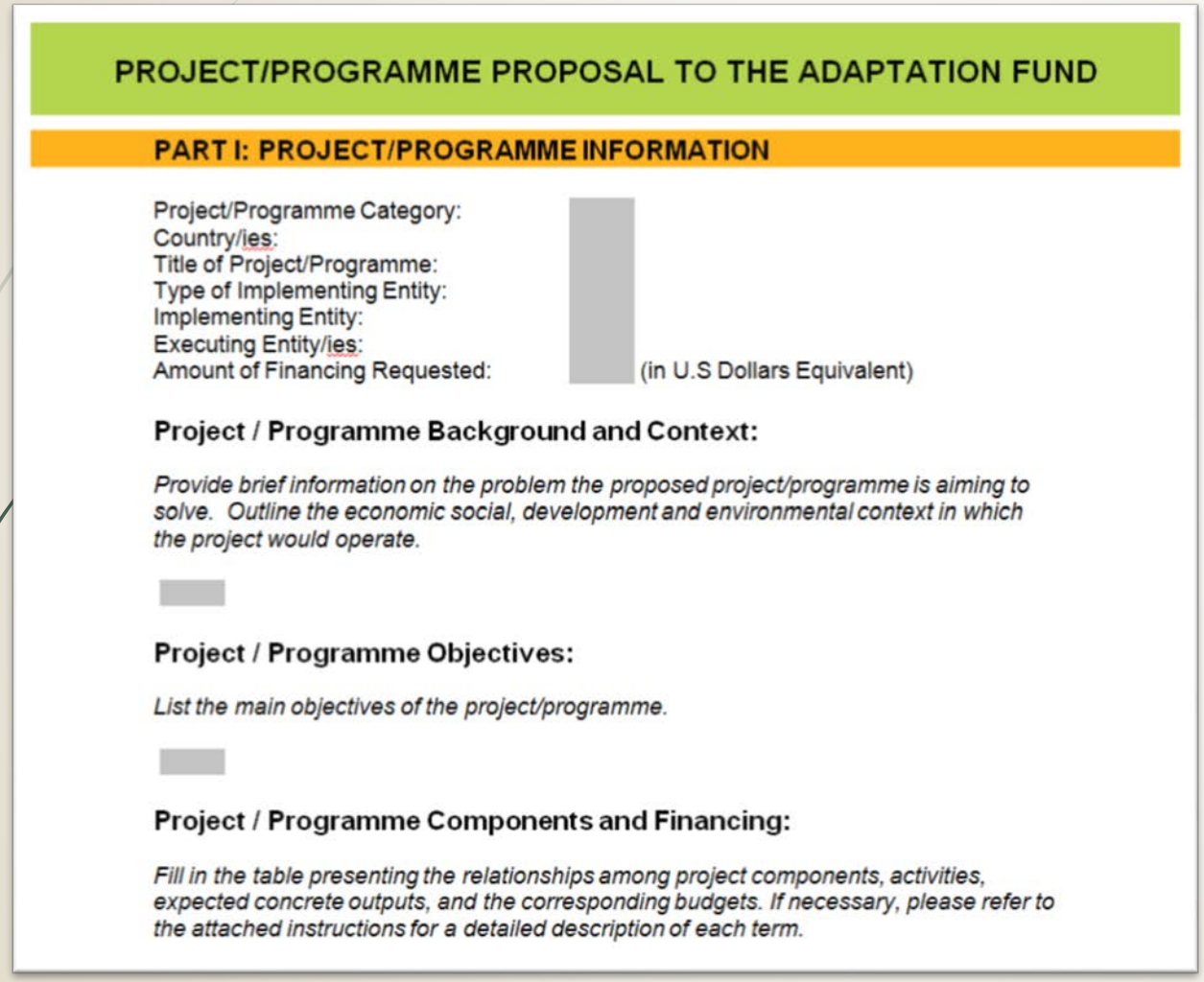
		Baseline information				Target performance at completion			
			Total (direct + indirect beneficiaries)	Direct beneficiaries supported by the project	Indirect beneficiaries supported by the project		Total (direct + indirect beneficiaries)	Direct beneficiaries supported by the project	Indirect beneficiaries by the project
Impact: Increased resiliency at the community, national, and regional levels to climate variability and change	**Core Indicator**: No. of beneficiaries	*Total*				*Total*			
		% of female beneficiaries				*% of female beneficiaries*			
		% of Youth beneficiaries				*% of Youth beneficiaries*			

		Baseline information				Target performance at completion			
		Number of targeted stakeholders		Hazards information generated and disseminated	Overall effectiveness	Number of targeted stakeholders		Hazards information generated and disseminated	Overall effective
Outcome 1: Reduced exposure to climate-related hazards and threats	Indicator 1: Relevant threat and hazard information generated and disseminated to stakeholders on a timely basis	*Total*				*Total*			
		% of female targeted				*% of female targeted*			
Output 1.1 Risk and vulnerability assessments conducted and updated	Indicator 1.1: No. of projects/programmes that conduct and update risk and vulnerability assessments	No. of projects/programmes that conduct and update risk and vulnerability assessments	Sector	Scale	Status	No. of projects/programmes that conduct and update risk and vulnerability assessments	Sector	Scale	Status
		No. of adopted Early Warning	Category targeted	Hazard		No. of adopted Early Warning	Category targeted	Hazard	

Plan de Presentation

- Cycle des projets du Fonds d'Adaptation
- **Critères d'examen des projets**
- Etude de cas

La solicitud de financiamiento se hace en un modelo estructurado



PROJECT/PROGRAMME PROPOSAL TO THE ADAPTATION FUND

PART I: PROJECT/PROGRAMME INFORMATION

Project/Programme Category:
Country/ies:
Title of Project/Programme:
Type of Implementing Entity:
Implementing Entity:
Executing Entity/ies:
Amount of Financing Requested: (in U.S Dollars Equivalent)

Project / Programme Background and Context:

Provide brief information on the problem the proposed project/programme is aiming to solve. Outline the economic social, development and environmental context in which the project would operate.

Project / Programme Objectives:

List the main objectives of the project/programme.

Project / Programme Components and Financing:

Fill in the table presenting the relationships among project components, activities, expected concrete outputs, and the corresponding budgets. If necessary, please refer to the attached instructions for a detailed description of each term.

Funding Application

https://www.adaptation-fund.org/content/request-projectprogramme-funding-adaptation-fund-amended-november-2013

Un documento de apoyo clave : "Instrucciones para la preparación de una solicitud"

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING A REQUEST FOR PROJECT OR PROGRAMME FUNDING FROM THE ADAPTATION FUND

Project and programme proposals must be clear on the adaptation challenge to be addressed, the objective(s), what the project/programme will deliver when, how and by whom. Clear baselines, milestones, targets and indicators should be included to ensure progress and results can be measured[1]. Programmes will generally be more complex and will require greater oversight and management which should be properly explained under Implementation Arrangements for programmes.

DATE OF RECEIPT. Please leave this space on the top right of the page blank. The Adaptation Fund Board Secretariat will fill in the date on which the proposal is received at the Secretariat.

ADAPTATION FUND PROJECT ID. Please leave this space on the top right of the page blank. The Adaptation Fund Board Secretariat will assign a number to your project/programme internally.

PART I: PROJECT / PROGRAMME INFORMATION

CATEGORY: Please specify which type of project you are proposing. The two options are:

Instructions to Proponents

https://www.adaptation-fund.org/sites/default/files/OPG%20ANNEX%204-2%20Instructions%20(Nov2013).pdf

Una mirada en detalle en los criterios de revisión

- Country(ies) Eligibility
  - Country(ies) should be party to the Kyoto Protocol
  - Should be developing country(ies) particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change (all non-Annex I countries qualify)

Endoso del gobierno a través de la autoridad designada

- Most eligible countries have nominated DA
- Letter template available under **submission materials** on AF website
- Separate endorsement letter to be submitted for each submission

Medidas concretas de adaptación

- The project / programme supports concrete adaptation actions to assist the country in addressing the adverse effects of climate change and builds in climate change resilience: description of activities
  - How the activities help with adaptation and resilience
  - Concrete: visible and tangible results.
  - Good project design: cohesion and alignment
  - Linking intervention to climate threat (not BAU, ENV)
  - Taking non-climatic barriers into account
  - Full proposal: details on specs, linking to CC scenario
  - Regional project to include both regional and country perspective/added value

Los beneficios ambientales y socioeconómicos

- The project / programme provides economic, social and environmental benefits, with particular reference to the most vulnerable communities, including gender considerations
  - Who are the beneficiaries, particular reference to vulnerable groups
  - Full proposal: whenever possible, quantifying the expected benefits
  - Accounting for any negative impacts, using government safeguards criteria (often also agency criteria)
  - Regional project: to demonstrate, whenever possible, how it promotes new and innovative solutions to climate change adaptation, such as new approaches, technologies and mechanisms.

Rentabilidad

- Logical explanation why the proposed scope and approach were selected to the particular adaptation challenge, given all other variables and available financing
- Sustainability dimension is important
- Full proposal: clear description of alternative options to the proposed measures, in the same sector, geographic region and/or community (typically 1 or 2 declined options)
- Quantification in monetary terms not required as a rule
- Regional project: should further explain how the regional approach would support cost-effectiveness

La consistencia con las estrategias y planes nacionales

- Project / programme has to be consistent with national sustainable development strategies, national development plans, poverty reduction strategies, national communications or adaptation programs of action, and other relevant instruments
- Concept stage: identification of key strategies and plans
- Full proposal: detailed explanation of compliance with relevant plans and strategies
- Regional project: if applicable, should refer to relevant regional plans and strategies where they exist.

El cumplimiento de las normas técnicas nacionales pertinentes

- Using national standards: no AF-level sets of standards
- Typically: EIAs, building codes, water quality related regulations, land-use, and sector specific regulations
- If required: assessment for compliance before full proposal submission (EIA study etc.), and explanation of process
- Full proposals: regulatory clearance has to be received and technical feasibility ensured for core parts of project design – for a pending issues with minor parts of the project design, clear procedures for a fallback option

La duplicación / superposición con otras fuentes de financiamiento

- The project must not duplicate / overlap with activities funded through other funding sources
- Identification of all potentially overlapping activities (donor, government, others)
- Full proposals: clear outline of linkages and synergies with each relevant project
- Lessons learned from earlier projects
- Coordination arrangements

Gestión del conocimiento

- The project / programme must have a learning and knowledge management component to capture and feedback lessons
- The only “must-have” project component activity
- KM is part of AF Results Based Management: systematic project-level tracking of experiences gained
- Adaptive management, development of learning objectives and indicators
- Full proposals: detailed explanation

Proceso de consulta

- Consultative process involving all stakeholders, including vulnerable communities and women
  - An initial consultation before concept submission, with key stakeholders
  - For NIEs, PFG should also facilitate consultations
  - Full proposals: description of a comprehensive consultation process, involving all direct and indirect stakeholder groups, including vulnerable groups
  - Inclusion of stakeholder views in project design
  - List: stakeholders, ways of consultation, key findings
  - Under extraordinary circumstances, consultation can be deferred to implementation stage (e.g. all beneficiary communities have not been identified)
  - Real, continuous stakeholder participation during project

Razonamiento basado en el costo total de la adaptación

- The project / programme provides justification for the funding requested on the basis of the full cost of adaptation
  - No co-financing required: possible and often beneficial, but should not constitute a risk of delay
  - Demonstration that activities are relevant in addressing adaptation objectives and that the project intervention (with approved funds) will help achieve the objectives without other funding
  - Full proposal: more details and if applicable, quantification of expected project impact on adaptation

Sostenibilidad de los resultados

- The sustainability of the project/programme outcomes taken into account when designing the project: the adaptation benefits achieved should be sustained after the end of project/programme
- Should enable replication and scaling up with other funds
- Arrangements for ensuring sustainability (maintenance, continuing processes etc.)
- All key areas of sustainability: economic, social, environmental, institutional, and financial

Adecuación de las disposiciones de gestión de proyectos

- Should include a clear description of the **roles and responsibilities** of the implementing entity as well as any executing entity or organizations/stakeholders that are involved in the project.

- If necessary, provide a **full organization chart** showing how they report to each other.

- For regional project: describe arrangements for management at the regional and national level, including coordination arrangements within countries and among them, and how the potential to partner with national institutions or NIEs has been considered and included in the management arrangements

- The implementation arrangements should be cost-effective and efficient, and country-ownership should always be privileged.

Medidas de gestión de riesgos financieros y relacionados a los proyectos

- The proposal should identify all **major risks**, consider their significance, and include a plan of monitoring and mitigating them.

- It should provide a **table with detailed information on the different categories of risks** (i.e. financial, environmental, institutional...), their level and how they will be managed.

Marco de resultados

- The proposal should include a results framework with realistic, quantified expected results.

- Whenever possible, the indicators and targets should be disaggregated by gender.

- More guidelines on preparing the project/programme results framework, including a list of standard AF indicators, can be found in the "**AF Results Framework and Baseline Guidance – Project level**" document.

Presupuesto

- Include a detailed budget with:
  - Budget notes;
  - A budget on the Implementing Entity management fee use;
  - An explanation and a breakdown of the execution costs;
  - For regional projects: budget to be broken down by country as applicable

ADAPTATION FUND

THANK YOU!!

www.adaptation-fund.org

Photo by: Md. Mahbubur Rahman. Winner of the Adaptation Fund 2011 Photo Contest. Titled “Jute Cultivation,” the photo pictures the cultivation of jute, a versatile, natural fiber that has been used for thousands of years to make things such as rope, twine, Hessian bags, rugs, and much more. The environmental benefits of jute are considerable. The picture shows Gopal Chandra and other farmers washing Jute in Gopalganj, Bangladesh.

Plan de Presentation

- Cycle des projets du Fonds d'Adaptation
- Critères d'examen des projets
- **Etude de cas**

PROJET D'ADAPTATION AUX CHANGEMENTS CLIMATIQUES DES ZONES OASIENNES

Contexte

- L’espace oasien **couvre 15% de la superficie du Royaume, soit 115 563 km2**. Il se caractérise sur le plan bioclimatique comme un espace aride, par de très faibles précipitations caractérisées par leur irrégularité inter et intra-annuelle avec une moyenne annuelle ne dépassant pas 132 millimètres. Exacerbé par les changements climatiques;
- L'espace oasien du sud-marocain caractérisé par **l'évolution de sa population qui a augmenté de moitié en vingt ans**, et ce, sur une base économique qui a plutôt tendance à se dégrader;
- Les **conditions climatiques sévères**, la faible capacité de résilience et la **rareté de l’eau** ont amené l’homme à y pratiquer un système de production traditionnel et vivrier qui a permis de développer un **savoir-faire traditionnel dans la mobilisation de l’eau (seuils de dérivation, captage de sources, khéttaras**, etc…), dans la pratique de l’agriculture (adoption d’un **système intensif à 3 étages de végétation** associé à l’élevage et à l’artisanat) et dans la **gestion des ressources naturelles**;

Logique du projet

- **Gestion rationnelle des ressources hydriques et limitation des pertes d'eau**, par un accompagnement en aménagement hydraulique, qui renforce les économies d'eau.
- Par rapport à la production agricole, le projet vise **l'amélioration des techniques de l'agro-écologie** en intervenant sur deux niveaux clés de la restauration oasienne et la préservation des potentiels productifs: sol et eau principalement. Tout en favorisant la commercialisation de la production pour apporter aux producteurs des revenus additionnels.
- Les aspects de **formation et encadrement** ont un rôle important dans le projet qui facilitera la participation des communautés locales, mettant à leur disposition des connaissances et le savoir-faire disponible au Maroc et ailleurs. Cette action vise, d'une part, à **renforcer les connaissances ancestrales en matière d'adaptation aux changements climatiques** et d'autre part, à **transférer un nouveau savoir-faire en matière de gestion des risques climatiques au niveau local**.

Conversations dans les 4 groupes de discussion

Groupe 1: Discussion sur les options d'adaptation et leur rentabilité

Groupe 2: Discussion sur le processus de consultation et sur la nature des parties prenantes

Groupe 3: Discussion sur les mesures favorisant la durabilite et le potential de replication, tout en etant conforme aux strategies nationales

Groupe 4: Discussion sur les risques du projet, y compris les risques environnementaux et sociaux

45 minute group discussion

Report back to plenary