Overview of the Adaptation Fund
Environmental and Social Policy & Gender Policy

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Nairobi
Environmental, Social and Gender Requirements

1. E&S Policy and 15 Principles (OPG Annex 3)

Guidance Document for Implementing the E&S Policy

2. Gender Policy and Action Plan (OPG Annex 4)

Guidance Document for Implementing the Gender Policy
15 E&S Principles

- Technical requirements
- Outcomes based
- Provide risk mgmt
- Focused on the 15 greatest risks
Group Tasks:

1. Identify the environmental and social risks associated with the project components

1. Justify your conclusion for each principle

Spanish Table - ESP 1 to 5
English Table - ESP 6-10
French Table - ESP 11-15
## Project Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Achy</td>
<td>Conduct an economic study of the benefits of building a fish processing facility at Achy, that is largely operated by women of Achy.</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Heel, Hoof &amp; Bunion</td>
<td>Install rainwater catchment systems on houses and building; install water storage areas.</td>
<td>$1,800,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Slew</td>
<td>Pilot program to improve farming practices and restore deforested areas.</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Community</td>
<td>Overview</td>
<td></td>
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<td>-------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sandal</strong></td>
<td>• Capital city; biggest population center&lt;br&gt;• Large disparities in wealth creating tension; large % of poor are in poor health; mixed ethnicities&lt;br&gt;• Trade, tourism, farming and banking</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Achy</strong></td>
<td>•Primarily fisherman; men frequently away fishing&lt;br&gt;• Fairly healthy; speak unique dialect&lt;br&gt;• Difficulties in preserving fish and getting it to market</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Slew</strong></td>
<td>• Large family groups inter-married with Big Toe people as some go to Big Toe for work&lt;br&gt;• Farmers; land is poor so have to keep expanding by moving up the mountain side and clearing trees</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Big Toe</strong></td>
<td>• Developed as a 5-star luxury tourism area; feel strong support from Sandal&lt;br&gt;• All jobs related to tourism; health is good</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Bunion, Hoof &amp; Heel</strong></td>
<td>• Farmers and fishers; road is very poor so little mixing;&lt;br&gt;• Health is poor; communities feel ignored by Sandal</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
1: Compliance with the Law

2: Access & Equity
- Fair and equitable access to benefits
- Don’t impede access to services
- Don’t exacerbate inequities
3. Marginalized & Vulnerable

- Impacts should not be disproportionate
- Groups excluded from normal economic/social fabric
- Limited capacity to withstand impacts
4. Human Rights

• Respect and where applicable, promote international human rights
5. Gender Equity & Women’s Empowerment*

Women and men:
• Have equal opportunity to participate
• Receive comparable social and economic benefits
• Do not suffer disproportionate adverse effects

* Supports & compliments the Gender Policy
Gender Policy Actions:

Institutional Level, IE must:
• Document institutional capacity & commitment to implement AF Gender Policy

Project Level, IE must:
• Conduct a gender assessment
• Select gender-responsive indicators
• Design gender-responsive implementation and monitoring
• Conduct consultation
• Develop a grievance mechanism
6. ILO Core Labor Rights

- Freedom of association & collective bargaining
- Elimination of forced labor
- Elimination of worst forms of child labor
- Non-discrimination
7. Indigenous Peoples

- Consistent with the UN Declaration of the Rights of Indigenous People

The Taino Indians
Native Americans of the Caribbean
8. Involuntary Resettlement

- Avoid, minimize displacement

- If limited resettlement is unavoidable, minimize impacts and ensure fair and adequate compensation
9: Protection of Natural Habitats

• Avoid conversion or degradation of critical natural habitat
10: Conservation of Biodiversity

- Avoid loss of biodiversity
- Avoid introduction of invasive species
11: Climate Change

- No significant increase in GHGs

12: Pollution prevention and Resource Efficiency

- Maximize energy efficiency
- Minimize material use, pollution and waste
13: Public Health

- Avoid negative health impacts
14: Physical and Cultural Heritage

- Avoid negative impacts to cultural heritage
15: Lands and Soil Conservation

- Promote soil conservation
- Avoid degradation or conversion of productive lands or lands that provide valuable ecosystem services
E&S Management Plan

- Plan that captures the actions identified to manage risks and impacts
- Integrate ESMP into operations and not stand-alone
- Update ESMP with results of on-going monitoring
- Commitment to implement is a condition of AF approval
- Include results in reporting to AF
Monitoring & Reporting

• Commensurate with risks and impacts
• Related to ESMS
• Informed by consultations
• Results of monitoring should inform future
• Report annually to AF
Questions?