

Ex-post training (2022) - part 1

PART A - Introduction to ex-post evaluations, resilience and the piloting processes

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I)Dar	trainee,
DCai	uanice,

This quick survey highlights the main points of today's session. It is an optional but recommended survey to verify your understanding of Part 1.

Thank you for your participation!

1] The OECD DAC defines ex post as an "evaluation of a development intervention after it has been completed"(2002). It adds that "the intention is to identify the factors of success or failure, to assess the sustainability of results and impacts, and to draw conclusions that may inform other interventions."

This ex-post evaluation will focus on evaluating the sustainability of results, but it will also focus on another aspect that is critical in the context of climate change adaptation. Do you remember which one?

Solution:

	expost framework focuses on aspects of both <u>sustainability of outcomes</u> and of <u>climate resilience</u> to wer the following overarching questions:
0	Have the project outcomes/impact(s) been sustained since project completion?
	Why? If not, why not? What, if anything, emerged?
2	Are the sustained project outcomes/impact(s) climate-resilient?
	How? In what ways? What does the outcome do in relation to climate disturbances?
c	All that is sustained may not be resilient to limate disturbances, and all that may be resilient o climate disturbances may not be sustained!

2] In the context of climate change adaptation, the ex post evaluation also considers two important additional lenses of analysis that are linked to sustainability and resilience. Do you remember which one?

1:	
2:	

Solution:

*1: Vulnerability

*2: Relevance

Remember: in the context of climate change adaptation, if an outcome has been sustained, it is because it was valued or relevant to reducing vulnerability.

[Highlight after the star to see]



[Click to enlarge the AF-TERG ex post framework]

3] The sustainability framework developed by the AF-TERG is made of 4 components and requires the evaluator to first look at the likelihood of sustainability (desk research) before verifying the sustainability at ex post (fieldwork).

Please indicate which components should be analyzed to understand the likelihood of sustainability and which should be used to verify sustainability at ex post:

Like	elihood of sustainability	
	Context (backdrop of the st	tr

rategy and results)

Strategy (supporting sustainability throughout implementation)

Conditions of sustainability

Disturbances (endured by the outcome(s))

Verification of sustainability

Context (backdrop of the strategy and results)

Strategy (supporting sustainability throughout implementation)

Conditions of sustainability

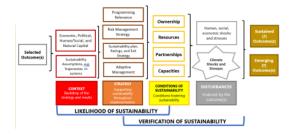
Disturbances (endured by the outcome(s))

Solution:

*Likelihood of sustainability: CONTEXT / STRATEGY / CONDITIONS

*Verification of sustainability: STRATEGY / CONDITIONS / DISTURBANCES

[Highlight after the star to see]



4] The sustainability framework developed by the AF-TERG is made of 4 components, each
indicating topics to analyze.
Please match each topic of sustainability with its component.
Human, social, economic shocks and stresses
Component
Resources
Component
Economic, political, Human/Social, and Natural Capital
Component
Ownership
Component
Risk management and strategy
Component
Climate shocks and stresses
Component
Adaptive management
Component
Partnerships
Component

Programme relevance			
Component	7		
Sustainability assumptions e.g.	trajectories in systems		
	trajectories in systems		
Component			
Capacities			
Component			
Sustainability plan, ratings, and	exit strategy		
Component			

Solution:



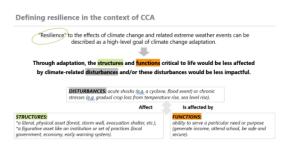
5] IPCC (2014) defines resilience as "The capacity of social, economic, and environmental systems to cope with a hazardous event or trend or **disturbance**, responding or reorganizing in ways that maintain their essential **function**, identity, and **structure**, while also maintaining the capacity for adaptation, learning, and transformation."

Resilience to the effects of climate change and related extreme weather events can be described as a high-level goal of climate change adaptation. Through adaptation, the structures and functions critical to life would be less affected by climate-related disturbances and/or these disturbances would be less impactful.

In order to understand the concept of resilience, please match the definitions with their concepts:

A literal physical asset (e.g. forest, storm wall) or a figurative asset like an institution or set of practices
Disturbances
Structures
Functions
Acute shocks (e.g. a cyclone) or chronic stresses (e.g. sea level rise).
Disturbances
Structures
Functions
Ability to serve a particular need or purpose (e.g. generate income,
Disturbances
Structures
Functions

Solution:



6] The resilience analysis tool developed by the AF-TERG is made of five core different components. Please guess the name of each component of the framework: 1: The stresses and shocks that the sustained outcomes address Component 2: The structures and functions within human and natural systems - and their nexus - that affect and are affected by the project outcomes Component 3: How assets and capacities are used Component 4: The types of resilience strategies used by the project outcomes Component 5: The position along the resilience scale based on the cumulative effect of the sustained actions and means Component **Solution:** [Click to enlarge]

7] What are the main outputs expected for	the draft inception report?	
1- Inventory and analysis of:		
2- (Re-) creation of:		
3- Identification of factors affecting:		
4 selection:		

Solution:

- * 1- Inventory and analysis of project data availability and quality at hand
- 2- (Re-) creation of Theory of Change
- 3- Identification of factors affecting sustainability for theory of sustainability
- 4- Outcome selection

[Highlight after the star to see]

See you soon!



For more information, please contact the AF-TERG: af-terg-sec@adaptation-fund.org